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**Seal Kote Universal Sealer** 

# **SECTION 1: Identification**

#### **Product Identifier**

Product Name: Seal Kote Universal Sealer

Product code: GRSK1. GRSK5

#### Recommended Use of the Product and Restriction on Use

**Relevant Identified Uses:** Finishes, Coatings, and Related Materials

Uses Advised Against: Not determined or not applicable.

Reasons Why Uses Advised Against: Not determined or not applicable.

# **Manufacturer or Supplier Details**

Manufacturer: **United States** 

Canlak Coatings 1999 Elizabeth Street North Brunswick, New Jersey 089026316 (732)821-3200 https://canlakcoatings.com

### **Emergency Telephone Number:**

**United States** 

CHEMTREC (703)527-3887 (24 HRS) (800)424-9300

#### SECTION 2: Hazard(s) Identification

#### **GHS Classification:**

Eye irritation, category 2A Flammable liquids, category 2 Skin sensitization, category 1

#### Label elements

#### **Hazard Pictograms:**





Signal Word: Danger

# **Hazard statements:**

H225 Highly flammable liquid and vapor

H319 Causes serious eye irritation

H317 May cause an allergic skin reaction

### **Precautionary Statements:**

P264 Wash skin thoroughly after handling

P280 Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection

P210 Keep away from heat/sparks/open flames/hot surfaces. No smoking

P233 Keep container tightly closed

P240 Ground/bond container and receiving equipment



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P241 Use explosion-proof electrical/ ventilating/ lighting/.../ equipment

P242 Use only non-sparking tools

P243 Take precautionary measures against static discharge

P261 Avoid breathing dust/fume/gas/mist/vapors/spray

P272 Contaminated work clothing must not be allowed out of the workplace

P305+P351+P338 IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing

P337+P313 If eye irritation persists: Get medical advice/attention

P303+P361+P353 IF ON SKIN (or hair): Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water/shower

P370+P378 In case of fire: Use ... to extinguish

P302+P352 IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of water/ ...

P333+P313 If skin irritation or rash occurs: Get medical advice/attention

P321 Specific treatment (see ... on this label)

P363 Wash contaminated clothing before reuse

P403+P235 Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep cool

P501 Dispose of contents/container to... Hazards Not Otherwise Classified: None

# SECTION 3: Composition/Information on Ingredients

Identification	Name	Weight %
CAS Number: 64-17-5	Ethanol	<80
CAS Number: 9000-59-3	Shellac	<10
CAS Number: 109-60-4	Propyl acetate	<5
CAS Number: 67-63-0	Propan-2-ol	<5

Additional Information: None

# **SECTION 4: First Aid Measures**

#### **Description of First Aid Measures**

#### **General Notes:**

Show this Safety Data Sheet to the doctor in attendance.

#### **After Inhalation:**

If inhaled, remove person to fresh air and place in a position comfortable for breathing. Keep person at rest. If breathing is difficult, administer oxygen. If breathing has stopped, provide artificial respiration. If experiencing respiratory symptoms, seek medical advice/attention.

If inhaled, remove person to fresh air and place in a position comfortable for breathing. Keep person at rest. If breathing is difficult, administer oxygen. If breathing has stopped, provide artificial respiration. If symptoms develop or persist, seek medical advice/attention.

### **After Skin Contact:**

Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Rinse skin with copious amounts of water [shower] for several minutes. Launder contaminated clothing before reuse. If symptoms develop or persist, seek medical

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advice/attention.

#### **After Eye Contact:**

Rinse eyes with plenty of gently flowing lukewarm water for 15 minutes. Remove contact lenses if present and easy to do so. Protect unexposed eye. If symptoms develop or persist, seek medical advice/attention.

Rinse eyes with plenty of water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses if present and easy to do so. Protect unexposed eye. If symptoms develop or persist, seek medical advice/attention.

#### **After Swallowing:**

If swallowed, DO NOT induce vomiting unless told to do so by a physician or poison control center. Rinse mouth with water. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. If spontaneous vomiting occurs, place on the left side with head down to prevent aspiration of liquid into the lungs. If symptoms develop or persist, seek medical advice/attention.

### Most Important Symptoms and Effects, Both Acute and Delayed

# **Acute Symptoms and Effects:**

Eye contact may result in irritation, redness, pain, inflammation, itching, burning and tearing.

Product is highly flammable. Exposure to sources of ignition may cause physical injury.

Dermal exposure may cause an allergic skin reaction. Symptoms may include irritation, redness, pain, rash, inflammation, itching, burning and dermatitis.

# **Delayed Symptoms and Effects:**

Effects are dependent on exposure (dose, concentration, contact time).

### **Immediate Medical Attention and Special Treatment**

#### **Specific Treatment:**

Skin/eye burns require immediate treatment.

#### **Notes for the Doctor:**

Treat symptomatically.

# **SECTION 5: Firefighting Measures**

### **Extinguishing Media**

### **Suitable Extinguishing Media:**

Water mist/fog, carbon dioxide, dry chemical or alcohol resistant foam.

Dry chemical, CO2, water spray or alcohol-resistant foam.

# **Unsuitable Extinguishing Media:**

Do not use water jet.

### **Specific Hazards During Fire-Fighting:**

Thermal decomposition may produce irritating/toxic fumes/gases.

Highly flammable liquid. Will be easily ignitable by heat, sparks or flames. Vapors may form explosive mixtures with air. Vapors may travel to source of ignition and flash back. Most vapors are heavier than air. They will spread along ground and collect in low or confined areas (sewers, basements, tanks). Vapor explosion hazard indoors, outdoors or in sewers. Runoff to sewer may create fire or explosion hazard. Containers may explode when heated. Inhalation or contact with material may irritate or burn skin and eyes. Fire may produce irritating, corrosive and/or toxic gases. Vapors may cause dizziness or suffocation.

### **Special Protective Equipment for Firefighters:**

Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full-face piece operated in positive pressure mode.

#### **Special precautions:**

Avoid contact with skin, eyes, hair and clothing. Do not breathe fumes/gas/mists/aerosols/vapors/dusts.

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Move containers from fire area if safe to do so. Use water spray/fog for cooling fire exposed containers. Avoid unnecessary run-off of extinguishing media which may cause pollution.

Evacuate non-essential personnel. Ventilate closed spaces before entering. Consider initial evacuation for 300 meters in all directions. If tank/rail car is involved in the fire, ISOLATE for 800 meters in all directions. Fight fire from a maximum distance. Move containers from fire area if you can do it without risk. Use water spray/fog for cooling fire exposed containers. Withdraw immediately in case of rising sound from venting safety devices or discoloration of tank. Always stay away from tanks engulfed in fire. For massive fire, use unmanned hose holders or monitor nozzles. If this is impossible, withdraw from area and let fire burn. Stand by, at a safe distance, with extinguisher ready for possible re-ignition. A vapor-suppressing foam may be used to reduce vapors. Avoid unnecessary run-off of extinguishing media which may cause pollution. Do not handle damaged containers unless specialized to do so.

#### **SECTION 6: Accidental Release Measures**

# Personal Precautions, Protective Equipment, and Emergency Procedures:

Evacuate unnecessary personnel. Ventilate area. Extinguish any sources of ignition. Wear recommended personal protective equipment (see Section 8). Avoid contact with skin, eyes and clothing. Avoid breathing mist, vapor, dust, fume and spray. Do not walk through spilled material. Wash thoroughly after handling. Evacuate unnecessary personnel. Ventilate area. Extinguish any sources of ignition. All equipment used when handling the product must be grounded. Wear recommended personal protective equipment (see Section 8). Avoid contact with skin, eyes and clothing. Avoid breathing mist, vapor, dust, fume and spray. Do not walk through spilled material. Wash thoroughly after handling.

### **Environmental Precautions:**

Prevent further leakage or spillage if safe to do so. Prevent from reaching drains, sewers and waterways. Discharge into the environment must be avoided.

#### Methods and Material for Containment and Cleaning Up:

Do not touch damaged containers or spilled material unless wearing appropriate personal protective clothing. Stop leak if you can do it without risk. Contain and collect spillage and place in suitable container for future disposal. Dispose of in accordance with all applicable regulations (see Section 13).

Do not touch damaged containers or spilled material unless wearing appropriate personal protective clothing. Stop leak if you can do it without risk. A vapor-suppressing foam may be used to reduce vapors. Absorb or cover with dry earth, sand or other non-combustible material and transfer to containers for future disposal. Dispose of in accordance with all applicable regulations (see Section 13).

#### **Reference to Other Sections:**

For personal protective equipment see Section 8. For disposal see Section 13.

### **SECTION 7: Handling and Storage**

# Precautions for Safe Handling:

Use appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8). Use only with adequate ventilation. Avoid breathing mist/vapor/spray/dust. Do not eat, drink, smoke, or use personal products when handling chemical substances. Avoid contact with skin, eyes and clothing. Wash affected areas thoroughly after handling. Keep away from incompatible materials (See Section 10). Keep containers tightly closed when not

Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking. Use explosion-proof electrical, ventilating and lighting equipment. Take action to prevent static discharges. Handle containers with caution. Use appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8). Use only with adequate ventilation. Avoid breathing mist/vapor/spray/dust. Do not eat, drink, smoke, or use personal products when handling chemical substances. Avoid contact with skin, eyes and clothing. Wash affected areas thoroughly after handling. Keep away from incompatible materials (See Section 10). Keep containers

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tightly closed when not in use.

# Conditions for Safe Storage, Including Any Incompatibilities:

Store in cool, dry, well-ventilated location out of direct sunlight. Keep away from food and beverages. Protect from freezing and physical damage. Store away from heat, open flames and other sources of ignition. Keep container tightly sealed. Store away from incompatible materials (See Section 10).

# SECTION 8: Exposure Controls/Personal Protection

Only those substances with limit values have been included below.

# **Occupational Exposure Limit Values:**

Country (Legal Basis)	Substance	Identifier	Permissible concentration
OSHA	Ethanol	64-17-5	8-Hour TWA-PEL: 1900 mg/m <sup>3</sup> ([1000 ppm])
	Propan-2-ol	67-63-0	8-Hour TWA-PEL: 980 mg/m <sup>3</sup> (400 ppm)
	Propyl acetate	109-60-4	8-Hour TWA-PEL: 840 mg/m <sup>3</sup> (200 ppm)
	Shellac	9000-59-3	8-Hour TWA-PEL: 5 mg/m³ (Particulates not otherwise Regulated, respirable fraction)
	Shellac	9000-59-3	8-Hour TWA-PEL: 15 mg/m³ (Particulates not otherwise Regulated, respirable fraction)
NIOSH	Ethanol	64-17-5	REL-TWA: 1900 mg/m³ (1000 ppm [up to 10 hr.])
	Ethanol	64-17-5	IDLH: 3300 ppm
	Propan-2-ol	67-63-0	IDLH: 2000 ppm
	Propan-2-ol	67-63-0	15-Minute STEL: 1225 mg/m³ (500 ppm)
	Propan-2-ol	67-63-0	REL-TWA: 980 mg/m³ (400 ppm [up to 10 hr])
	Propyl acetate	109-60-4	IDLH: 1700 ppm
	Propyl acetate	109-60-4	STEL: 1050 mg/m³ (250 ppm)
	Propyl acetate	109-60-4	REL-TWA: 840 mg/m³ (200 ppm [up to 10 hr])
ACGIH	Ethanol	64-17-5	15-Minute STEL: 1000 ppm
	Propan-2-ol	67-63-0	15-Minute STEL: 400 ppm
	Propan-2-ol	67-63-0	8-Hour TWA: 200 ppm
	Propyl acetate	109-60-4	15-Minute STEL: 150 ppm (Propyl acetate isomers)
	Propyl acetate	109-60-4	8-Hour TWA: 100 ppm (Propyl acetate isomers)
United States(California)	Ethanol	64-17-5	8-Hour TWA-PEL: 1900 mg/m <sup>3</sup> ([1000 ppm])
	Propan-2-ol	67-63-0	8-Hour TWA-PEL: 980 mg/m <sup>3</sup> (400 ppm)
	Propyl acetate	109-60-4	PEL-STEL: 1050 mg/m³ (250 ppm [15 min])
	Propyl acetate	109-60-4	8-Hour TWA-PEL: 840 mg/m <sup>3</sup> (200 ppm)

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Country (Legal Basis)	Substance	Identifier	Permissible concentration
	Shellac		8-Hour TWA-PEL: 5 mg/m³ (Particulates not otherwise Regulated, respirable fraction)
	Shellac	9000-59-3	8-Hour TWA-PEL: 10 mg/m³ (Particulates not otherwise Regulated, total dust)
	Propan-2-ol	67-63-0	15-Minute STEL: 1225 mg/m <sup>3</sup> (500 ppm)

# **Biological Limit Values:**

Country (Legal Basis)	Substance	Identifier	Determinant	Specimen	Sampling time	Permissible limits
ACGIH	Propan-2-ol	67-63-0	Acetone	Urine	EOS/EOW	40 mg/L

#### Information on Monitoring Procedures:

Not determined or not applicable.

# **Appropriate Engineering Controls:**

Emergency eye wash stations and safety showers should be available in the immediate vicinity of use or handling. Provide adequate ventilation to maintain the airborne concentrations of vapor, mists, and/or dusts below the applicable workplace exposure limits, while observing recognized national standards (or equivalent).

### **Personal Protection Equipment**

#### **Eye and Face Protection:**

Safety glasses or goggles. Use eye protection equipment that has been tested and approved by recognized national standards (or equivalent).

# **Skin and Body Protection:**

Chemical resistant, impervious gloves approved by the appropriate standards. Gloves must be inspected prior to use. Avoid skin contact with used gloves. Appropriate techniques should be used to remove used gloves and contaminated clothing. Personal protective equipment for the body should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product. Ensure that all personal protective equipment is approved by recognized national standards (or equivalent).

### **Respiratory Protection:**

If engineering controls do not maintain airborne concentrations below the applicable workplace exposure limits, or to an acceptable level (if exposure limits have not been established), a respirator approved by recognized national standards (or equivalent) must be worn.

#### **General Hygienic Measures:**

When handling chemical products, do not eat, drink or smoke. Wash hands after handling, before breaks, and at the end of the workday. Avoid contact with skin, eyes and clothing. Wash contaminated clothing before reuse. Perform routine housekeeping.

### **SECTION 9: Physical and Chemical Properties**

### Information on Basic Physical and Chemical Properties

Appearance	Clear liquid
Odor	Alcohol-like
Odor threshold	N/A

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рН	N/A
Melting point/freezing point	N/A
Initial boiling point/range	74-80 °C
Flash point (closed cup)	13 °C
Evaporation rate	N/A
Flammability (solid, gas)	N/A
Upper flammability/explosive limit	20% by volume
Lower flammability/explosive limit	4.0% by volume
Vapor pressure	N/A
Vapor density	Heavier than air
Density	0.83 +/- 0.02 g/cc
Relative density	0.83 +/- 0.02
Solubilities	N/A
Partition coefficient (n-octanol/water)	N/A
Auto/Self-ignition temperature	N/A
Decomposition temperature	N/A
Dynamic viscosity	N/A
Kinematic viscosity	N/A
Explosive properties	N/A
Oxidizing properties	N/A

# SECTION 10: Stability and Reactivity

### Reactivity:

Not reactive under recommended handling and storage conditions.

### **Chemical Stability:**

Stable under recommended handling and storage conditions.

# **Possibility of Hazardous Reactions:**

Hazardous reactions are not anticipated under recommended conditions of handling and storage.

# **Conditions to Avoid:**

Extreme heat, open flames, hot surfaces, sparks, ignition sources and incompatible materials. Extreme heat, open flames, hot surfaces, sparks, ignition sources, static electricity and incompatible materials. Vapor accumulation in low or confined areas.

# **Incompatible Materials:**

None known.

### **Hazardous Decomposition Products:**

Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous decomposition products should not be produced.

# **SECTION 11: Toxicological Information**

# **Acute Toxicity**

**Assessment:** Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Product Data: No data available.

**Substance Data:** 

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### **Seal Kote Universal Sealer**

Name	Route	Result	
Ethanol	oral	LD50 Rat: 10,470 mg/kg	
	inhalation	LC50 Rat: 116.9 mg/L (4 hr [vapor])	
	dermal	LD50 Rabbit: 17,100 mg/kg	
Propan-2-ol	oral	LD50 Rat: 5840 mg/kg	
	dermal	LD50 Rabbit: 16,400 mg/kg	
	inhalation	LC50 Rat: 72.6 mg/L (4 hr [vapor])	
Propyl acetate	oral	LD50 Rat: 8700 mg/kg	
	dermal	LD50 Rabbit: > 17,800 mg/kg	
	inhalation	LC50 Rat: 32 mg/L (4 hr [vapor])	
Shellac	Oral ATE	LD50 Rat: 500 mg/kg	

### Skin Corrosion/Irritation

**Assessment:** Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

**Product Data:**No data available. **Substance Data:** 

Name	Result
Shellac	Causes skin irritation.

# **Serious Eye Damage/Irritation**

#### **Assessment:**

Causes serious eye irritation.

**Product Data:**No data available.

# **Substance Data:**

Name	Result
Propan-2-ol	Causes serious eye irritation.
Propyl acetate	Causes serious eye irritation.
Shellac	Causes serious eye irritation.
Ethanol	Causes serious eye irritation.

# **Respiratory or Skin Sensitization**

#### **Assessment:**

May cause an allergic skin reaction.

**Product Data:**No data available.

Substance Data: No data available.

# Carcinogenicity

**Assessment:** Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Product Data: No data available.

Substance Data: No data available.

# International Agency for Research on Cancer (IARC):

Name	Classification
Ethanol	Group 1
Propan-2-ol	Group 3

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### **Seal Kote Universal Sealer**

Name	Classification
Propyl acetate	Not Applicable
Shellac	Not Applicable

# **National Toxicology Program (NTP):**

Name	Classification
Ethanol	Known to be human carcinogens
Propan-2-ol	Not Applicable
Propyl acetate	Not Applicable
Shellac	Not Applicable

# **OSHA Carcinogens:**

Ingredient Name	CAS	OSHA Carcinogens Status
Ethanol	64-17-5	Yes

### **Germ Cell Mutagenicity**

Assessment: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

**Product Data:**No data available.

Substance Data: No data available.

**Reproductive Toxicity** 

Assessment: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

**Product Data:**No data available.

Substance Data: No data available.

# **Specific Target Organ Toxicity (Single Exposure)**

**Assessment:** Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Product Data: No data available. Substance Data:

Name	Result
Propan-2-ol	May cause drowsiness or dizziness.
Propyl acetate	May cause drowsiness or dizziness via inhalation.
Shellac	May cause respiratory irritation.

### Specific Target Organ Toxicity (Repeated Exposure)

**Assessment:** Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

**Product Data:**No data available.

Substance Data: No data available.

**Aspiration toxicity** 

Assessment: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

**Product Data:**No data available.

**Substance Data:** No data available. **Information on Likely Routes of Exposure:** 

No data available.

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# Symptoms Related to the Physical, Chemical, and Toxicological Characteristics:

No data available. **Other Information:**No data available.

# **SECTION 12: Ecological Information**

# Acute (Short-Term) Toxicity

**Assessment:** Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

**Product Data:** No data available.

**Substance Data:** 

Name	Result
Ethanol	Fish LC50 Pimephales promelas: 15,300 mg/L (96 hr [mortality])
	Aquatic Invertebrates EC50 Daphnia magna: >10,000 mg/L (48 hr [mobility; read-across substance data])
	Aquatic Plants EC50 Chlorella vulgaris: 275 mg/L (72 hr [growth rate])
Propan-2-ol	Fish LC50 Pimephales promelas: 9640 mg/L (96 hr [mortality])
	Aquatic Invertebrates EC50 Daphnia magna: 1400 mg/L (48 hr)
Propyl acetate	Aquatic Plants EC50 Raphidocelis subcapitata: 83.2 mg/L (72 hr [growth rate])
	Fish LC50 Pimephales promelas: 60 mg/L (96 hr)
	Aquatic Invertebrates EC50 Daphnia magna: 91.5 mg/L (48 hr [mobility])

# **Chronic (Long-Term) Toxicity**

**Assessment:** Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

**Product Data:** No data available.

#### **Substance Data:**

Name	Result
Ethanol	Aquatic Invertebrates NOEC Daphnia Magna: 9.6 mg/L (10 d [reproduction])
	Fish NOEC Danio rerio: 250 mg/L (5 d)
Propan-2-ol	Fish NOEC Danio rerio: >1000 mg/L (28 d [NOELR-growth rate, QSAR substance data])
	Aquatic Invertebrates NOEC Daphnia magna: >1000 mg/L (21 d [NOELR-reproduction, QSAR substance data])

# **Persistence and Degradability**

**Product Data:** No data available.

# **Substance Data:**

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Name	Result
Propyl acetate	The substance is readily biodegradable in water, 62% degradation measured by O2 consumption in 5 days.
Ethanol	The substance is readily biodegradable. 84% degradation in water, measured by O2 consumption, after 20 days.
Propan-2-ol	The substance is readily biodegradable. BOD5/COD ratio $\geq$ 0.5 & 53% degradation in water, measured by O2 consumption, after 5 days.

# **Bioaccumulative Potential**

Product Data: No data available.

**Substance Data:** 

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Name	Result
Ethanol	The substance is not expected to bioaccumulate in organisms (estimated BCF: 3).
Propyl acetate	The substance is not expected to bioaccumulate (log Kow: 1.24; estimated BCF: 3.76).
Propan-2-ol	The substance is not expected to bioaccumulate (Log Kow = 0.05; QSAR substance data).

# **Mobility in Soil**

Product Data: No data available.

#### **Substance Data:**

Name	Result
Ethanol	The substance is highly mobile, therefore, adsorption to soil and sediment is not expected (log Koc: 0.2).
Propyl acetate	The substance is expected to be mobile; therefore, adsorption to soil is not expected (calculated log Koc: 1.008).
Propan-2-ol	The substance is highly mobile, therefore, adsorption to soil and sediment is not expected (Koc= 1.53 L/kg, QSAR substance data).

#### Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

#### **Product Data:**

**PBT assessment:** This product does not contain any substances that are assessed to be a PBT. **vPvB assessment:** This product does not contain any substances that are assessed to be a vPvB.

#### **Substance Data:**

### **PBT** assessment:

Ethanol	The substance is not PBT.
Propan-2-ol	The substance is not PBT.
Propyl acetate	The substance is not PBT.

### vPvB assessment:

Ethanol	The substance is not vPvB.	
Propan-2-ol	The substance is not vPvB.	
Propyl acetate	The substance is not vPvB.	

Other Adverse Effects: No data available.

### **SECTION 13: Disposal Considerations**

# **Disposal Methods:**

Do not dump into any sewers, on the ground or into any body of water. Store material for disposal as indicated in Section 7 Handling and Storage. Dispose of in accordance with local, state, and federal laws and regulations. Under RCRA, it is the responsibility of the user of the product to determine, at the time of disposal, whether the product meets RCRA criteria for hazardous waste.

### Contaminated packages:

Not determined or not applicable.

# **SECTION 14: Transport Information**

# United States Transportation of Dangerous Goods (49 CFR DOT)

UN Number	UN1263
UN Proper Shipping Name	Paint

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UN Transport Hazard Class(es)	3
Packing Group	III
Environmental Hazards	None
Special Precautions for User	None

# **International Maritime Dangerous Goods (IMDG)**

UN Number	UN1263
UN Proper Shipping Name	Paint
UN Transport Hazard Class(es)	3
Packing Group	III
Environmental Hazards	None
Special Precautions for User	None

# International Air Transport Association Dangerous Goods Regulations (IATA-DGR)

UN Number	UN1263	
UN Proper Shipping Name	Paint	
UN Transport Hazard Class(es)	3	
Packing Group	III	
Environmental Hazards	None	
Special Precautions for User	None	

# SECTION 15: Regulatory Information

# **United States Regulations**

**Inventory Listing (TSCA):** All ingredients are listed-active or exempt.

**Significant New Use Rule (TSCA Section 5):** None of the ingredients are listed.

**Export Notification under TSCA Section 12(b):** None of the ingredients are listed.

**SARA Section 302 Extremely Hazardous Substances:** None of the ingredients are listed.

# **SARA Section 313 Toxic Chemicals:**

67-63-0	Propan-2-ol	Liste	ed
CERCLA:			
64-17-5	Ethanol	Listed 100	lb
67-63-0	Propan-2-ol	Listed 100 for F	RCRA
109-60-4	Propyl acetate	Listed 100 for F	RCRA

#### **RCRA**:

64-17-5	Ethanol	Listed	D001

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67-63-0	Propan-2-ol	Listed	D001
109-60-4	Propyl acetate	Listed	D001

### **Section 112(r) of the Clean Air Act (CAA):** None of the ingredients are listed.

### Massachusetts Right to Know:

	64-17-5	Ethanol	Listed
	67-63-0	Propan-2-ol	Listed
Ī	109-60-4	Propyl acetate	Listed

### **New Jersey Right to Know:**

64-17-5	Ethanol	Listed
67-63-0	Propan-2-ol	Listed
109-60-4	Propyl acetate	Listed

# **New York Right to Know:**

64-17-5	Ethanol	Listed
67-63-0	Propan-2-ol	Listed
9000-59-3	Shellac	Listed
109-60-4	Propyl acetate	Listed

# Pennsylvania Right to Know:

64-17-5	Ethanol	Listed
67-63-0	Propan-2-ol	Listed
109-60-4	Propyl acetate	Listed

California Proposition 65: None of the ingredients are listed.

Additional information: Not determined.

# **SECTION 16: Other Information**

# **Abbreviations and Acronyms: None**

### Disclaimer:

The information contained herein is based on data considered accurate. However, no warranty is expressed or implied regarding the accuracy of these data or the results to be obtained from the use thereof. Absolute Coatings assumes no responsibility for injury to the vendee or third persons proximately caused by the material if reasonable safety procedures are not adhered to as stipulated in the data sheet. Additionally, Absolute Coatings assumes no responsibility for injury to vendor or third persons proximately caused by abnormal use of the material even if reasonable safety procedures are followed. Furthermore, vendee assumes the risk in his use of the material.

**NFPA:** 2-3-1 **HMIS:** 2\*-3-1

**Initial Preparation Date: 05.13.2020** 

**Revision date:** 06.27.2025

**Revision Notes:** 

Revision Date	Notes
2020-05-07	Version 02

# **End of Safety Data Sheet**

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